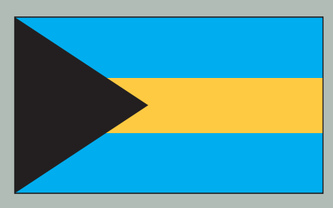
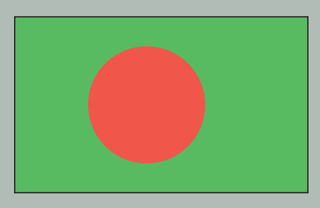
COMMONWEALTH FLAGS

ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA

AUSTRALIA


THE BAHAMAS


BANGLADESH

BARBADOS

BELIZE

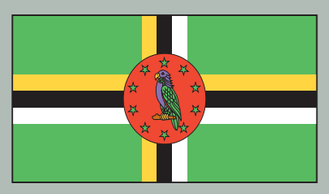
BOTSWANA

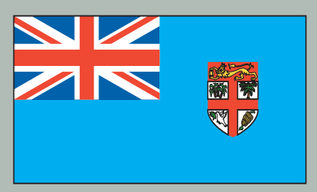
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM

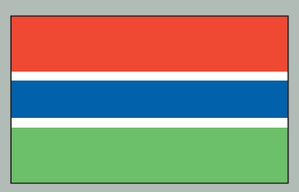
CAMEROON

CANADA

CYPRUS

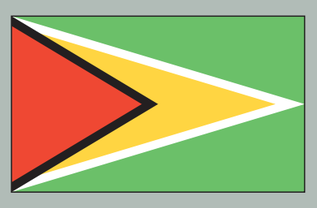

DOMINICA


FIJI ISLANDS


THE GAMBIA

GHANA

GRENADA


GUYANA

INDIA

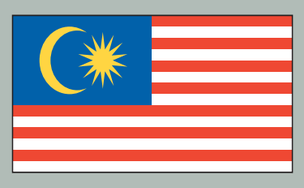
JAMAICA

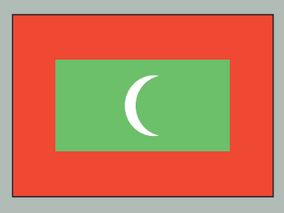
KENYA

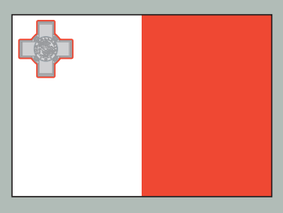
KIRIBATI

LESOTHO

MALAWI


MALAYSIA

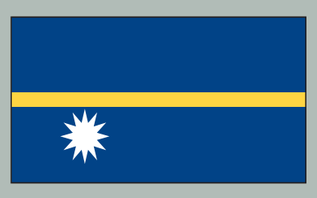

MALDIVES

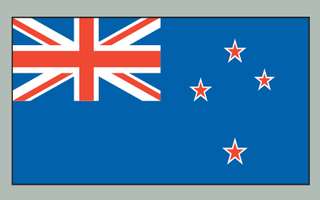

MALTA

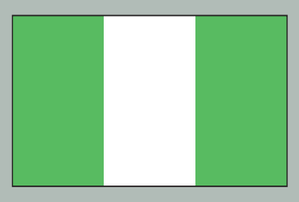
MAURITIUS

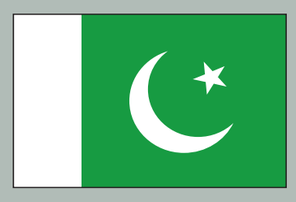
MOZAMBIQUE

NAMIBIA


NAURU


NEW ZEALAND


NIGERIA

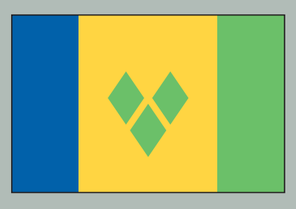

PAKISTAN

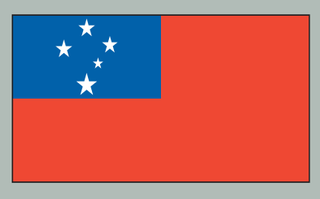
PAPUA NEW GUINEA

RWANDA

ST KITTS AND NEVIS

ST LUCIA

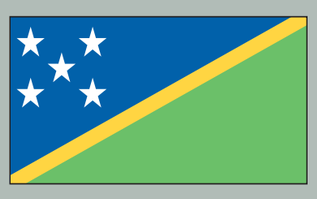

ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES


SAMOA

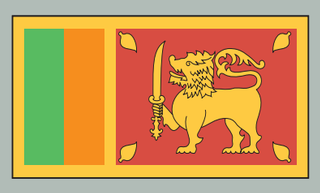
SEYCHELLES

SIERRA LEONE

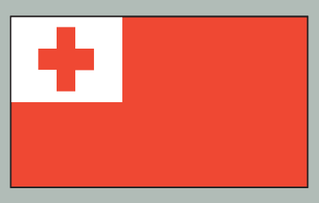
SINGAPORE


SOLOMON ISLANDS

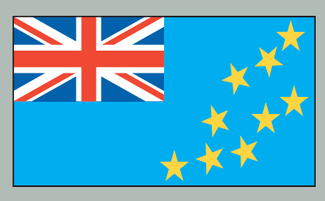
SOUTH AFRICA


SRI LANKA

SWAZILAND


TONGA

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO


TUVALU

UGANDA

UNITED KINGDOM

UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

VANUATU

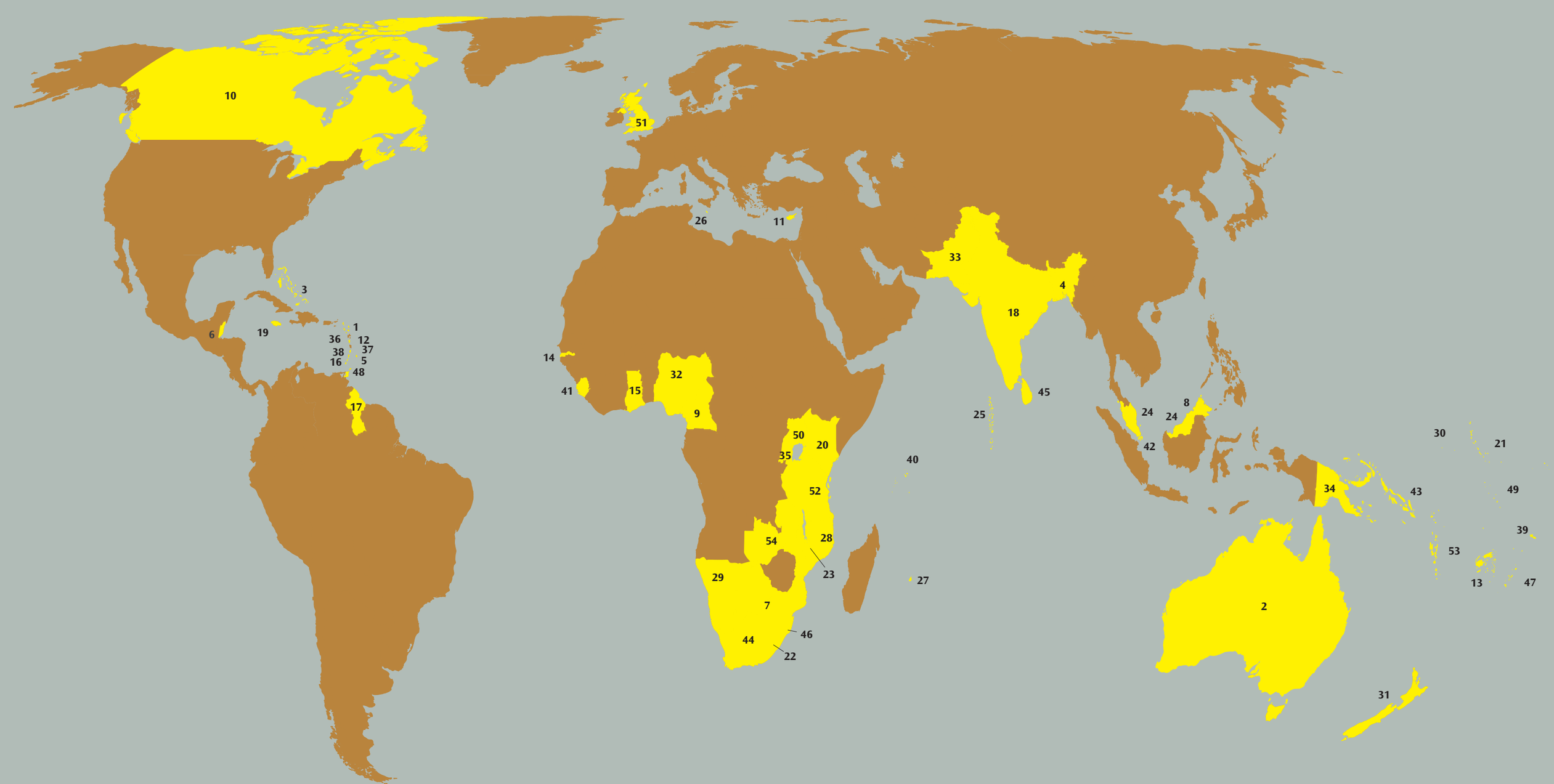
ZAMBIA

THE COMMONWEALTH

www.thecommonwealth.org

The flags illustrated are stylised representations and neither the proportions nor the colours are guaranteed true

The Commonwealth



THE COMMONWEALTH COMPRISES 54 DEVELOPED AND DEVELOPING NATIONS AROUND THE WORLD

The Commonwealth is a voluntary association of independent sovereign states spread over every continent and ocean, sharing ideas and experiences, skills and know-how, and a common language.

Its 2 billion people, who account for nearly 30 per cent of the world's population, are found in **Africa, Asia**, the **Americas**, the **Caribbean**, **Europe** and the **South Pacific**. They are of many religions, races, languages and cultures.

The Commonwealth works to promote peace and international co-operation, democracy and good governance, respect for human rights and the rule of law, and the alleviation of poverty through sustainable economic and social development.

These values – the fundamental values of the association – are expressed in two landmark declarations: the **Declaration of Commonwealth Principles**, which was agreed by the Heads of Government of member countries when they met in Singapore in 1971, and the **Harare Commonwealth Declaration**, agreed at the 1991 Heads of Government Meeting in Zimbabwe.

The Harare Declaration reaffirmed the Commonwealth principles declared 20 years previously in Singapore, and pledged the association to concentrate particular effort in a number of key areas, including:

- promotion of its fundamental political values
- equality for women and men
- the provision of universal access to education
- the promotion of sustainable development
- protection of the environment
- action to combat drug trafficking and abuse, and communicable diseases
- help for small states in tackling their particular economic and security problems
- support for the United Nations and other international institutions in the search for peace, and
- the promotion of international consensus on global issues.

	MEMBER COUNTRY	CAPITAL
1	ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	St John's
2	AUSTRALIA	Canberra
	External territories: Australian Antarctic Territory, Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, Coral Sea Islands Territory, Heard Island and McDonald Islands, Norfolk Island, and Territory of Ashmore and Cartier Islands	
3	THE BAHAMAS	Nassau
4	BANGLADESH	Dhaka
5	BARBADOS	Bridgetown
6	BELIZE	Belmopan
7	BOTSWANA	Gaborone
8	BRUNEI DARUSSALAM	Bandar Seri Begawan
9	CAMEROON	Yaoundé
10	CANADA	Ottawa
11	CYPRUS	Nicosia
12	DOMINICA	Roseau
13	FIJI ISLANDS*	Suva
14	THE GAMBIA	Banjul
15	GHANA	Accra
16	GRENADA	St George's
17	GUYANA	Georgetown
18	INDIA	New Delhi
19	JAMAICA	Kingston
20	KENYA	Nairobi
21	KIRIBATI	Tarawa
22	LESOTHO	Maseru
23	MALAWI	Lilongwe
24	MALAYSIA	Kuala Lumpur
25	MALDIVES	Malé
26	MALTA	Valletta
27	MAURITIUS	Port Louis
28	MOZAMBIQUE	Maputo
29	NAMIBIA	Windhoek
30	NAURU**	Nauru
31	NEW ZEALAND	Wellington
	Includes the territories of Tokelau and the Ross Dependency (Antarctic). Self-governing countries in free association with New Zealand: Cook Islands and Niue	
32	NIGERIA	Abuja
33	PAKISTAN	Islamabad
34	PAPUA NEW GUINEA	Port Moresby
35	RWANDA	Kigali
36	ST KITTS AND NEVIS	Basseterre
37	ST LUCIA	Castries
38	ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES	Kingstown
39	SAMOA	Apia
40	SEYCHELLES	Victoria
41	SIERRA LEONE	Freetown
42	SINGAPORE	Singapore
43	SOLOMON ISLANDS	Honiara
44	SOUTH AFRICA	Tshwane
45	SRI LANKA	Colombo
46	SWAZILAND	Mbabane
47	TONGA	Nuku'alofa
48	TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	Port of Spain
49	TUVALU	Funafuti
50	UGANDA	Kampala
51	UNITED KINGDOM	London
	Overseas territories: Anguilla, Bermuda, British Antarctic Territory, British Indian Ocean Territory, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Falkland Islands, Gibraltar, Montserrat, Pitcairn, Henderson, Ducie and Oeno Islands, St Helena and St Helena Dependencies (Ascension and Tristan da Cunha), South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands, and Turks and Caicos Islands	
52	UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA	Dar es Salaam
53	VANUATU	Port Vila
54	ZAMBIA	Lusaka

Commonwealth Secretariat Mission Statement

We work as a trusted partner for all Commonwealth people as:

- *A force for **Peace**, **Democracy**, **Equality** and **Good Governance**;*
- *A catalyst for **Global Consensus-Building**; and*
- *A source of assistance for **Sustainable Development** and **Poverty Eradication***

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* Fiji Islands was fully suspended from membership of the Commonwealth on 1 September 2009 pending restoration of a democratically elected government.

** Nauru is a member in arrears.

The designations employed and the presentation of material on the map, based on UN practice, do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Commonwealth Secretariat concerning the legal status of any country, territory, or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

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