Le présent simple p.152 1 p.20 He often signs autographs. He often rehearses. He is sometimes on the phone He never eats in a fast food. L'adverbe se place avant le verbe mais après l'auxiliaire être (BE).

2 p.20

- a. Do you like social networks ?
- b. Do you read magazines ?
- c. How often do you read gossip?
- d. How often does your brother check his twitter account ?

Les modaux p.155-157

- 4 p.20
- a. I **can't** read...
- b. You **must** be 13...
- c. He can sing...
- d. You mustn't be late...
- e. They can't buy...

Le prétérit p.153 1 p.21 He **was** born **on** June 13 **in** West Virginia, USA. He stud**ied** mathematics, economics. He **went to** Princeton. He discover**ed** algebraic geometry. He receiv**ed** Nobel Prize **in** 1994.

2 p.21

- a. What did he find ?
- b. Who did she work with ?
- c. Who were Nikola Tesla and Robert Edison.
- d. Did he discover radioactivity ?
- e. Was he English ? (tu peux utiliser n'importe quelle nationalité sauf American)

3 p.21

Two months ago, he made a research trip to Australia.

Last month / One month ago, he attended a conference in New York.

The day before yesterday / Two days ago, he met Mr Jackson, an American professor. Today, he worked on a new equation.

Les pronoms personnels p.148

4 p.21

- a. <u>These scientists</u> are amazing ! I want to meet **them**.
- b. I can't believe it ! <u>They</u>'ve found the solution. I must congratulate them.
- c. I never listen to her. She can't explain her theories.
- d. Can you give **us** <u>his name</u> ? <u>We</u>'d like to contact **him**.

Le passif p.159

1 p.77

a. Private Jones **was rescued by** British soldiers.

b. The 39th Infantry Regiment was attacked by German soldiers on April 12th.

c. War on Germany was declared by France and Britain on Sept 3rd 1939.

d. London was bombed by the German Air Force in 1940-41.

2 p.77

a. London **was bombed** intensively **by** the German planes in 1940.

b. That period of bombings $\ensuremath{\textit{was called}}$ « the Blitz » $\ensuremath{\textit{by}}$ the British.

c. The children were evacuated from London by the government.

d. The children **were taken** to the country for their protection. (*Tu ne sais pas à qui fait référence le THEY donc il ne faut pas mettre de complément d'agent*)

e. England was never invaded since William the Conqueror in 1066.

(Comme en français, il serait maladroit de dire : L'angletterre n'a été envahie par personne. Il vaut mieux reformuler sans complément d'agent par : L'angleterre n'a jamais été envahie.)