

## LE PRÉSENT SIMPLE

### 1) Transforme à la forme négative :

Examples : I **take** → I **don't take**.

He **takes** → He **doesn't take**.

forme affirmative	forme négative	forme affirmative	forme négative
I watch.	.....	I do.	.....
They sing.	.....	They cook.	.....
He hunts.	.....	He has.	.....
We read.	.....	She goes.	.....
She shops.	.....	We draw.	.....
He brushes.	.....	You listen.	.....

### 2) transforme à la forme interrogative.

Examples : I **take** → **Do I take?**

He **takes** → **Does he take ?**

forme affirmative	forme négative	forme affirmative	forme négative
I watch.	.....	I do.	.....
They sing.	.....	They cook.	.....
He hunts.	.....	He has.	.....
We read.	.....	She goes.	.....
She shops.	.....	We draw.	.....
He brushes.	.....	You listen.	.....

### 3) Conjugue les verbes entre parenthèses au présent simple.

⇒ Identifie et souligne le sujet

- a. He ..... terrified! (to look)
- b. They ..... her everywhere. (to follow)
- c. His secretary ..... everything for the boss. (to type)
- d. John and Paul ..... tennis. (to practise)
- e. My brother ..... the dishes. (to wash)

### 4) Réécris les phrases suivantes à la forme négative

**Example :** John agrees with Lucy. → John **doesn't** agree with Lucy

⇒ **sujet + don't/doesn't + BV**

- a. Their parents like tea. → .....
- b. She goes to the restaurant on Saturdays. → .....
- c. You look tired every Monday. → .....
- d. His cat opens the cupboard. → .....

### 5) Réécris ces phrases à la forme interrogative.

**Example :** John agrees with Lucy. → **Does John agree with Lucy ?**

⇒ **Do/Does + sujet + BV ... ?**

- a. Their parents like tea. → .....
- b. She goes to the restaurant on Saturdays. → .....
- c. You look tired every Monday. → .....
- d. His cat opens the cupboard. → .....