

Calculer une addition en colonnes

Poser

Diagram illustrating the process of setting up a column addition problem using base ten blocks and a ruler.

The diagram shows two rows of base ten blocks representing the numbers 23 and 56, separated by a plus sign (+). The blocks are organized into columns: tens (green) and ones (red and blue). The number 23 is represented by 2 tens blocks and 3 ones blocks. The number 56 is represented by 5 tens blocks and 6 ones blocks.

A ruler is placed below the blocks to align the columns. The ruler has markings for centimeters and millimeters.

Arrows indicate the alignment of the numbers for the addition:

- A dashed arrow points from the top row of blocks to the first box of the equation $23 + 56 =$.
- A solid arrow points from the second row of blocks to the second box of the equation.
- A dashed arrow points from the ruler to the third box of the equation.

The equation shown is:

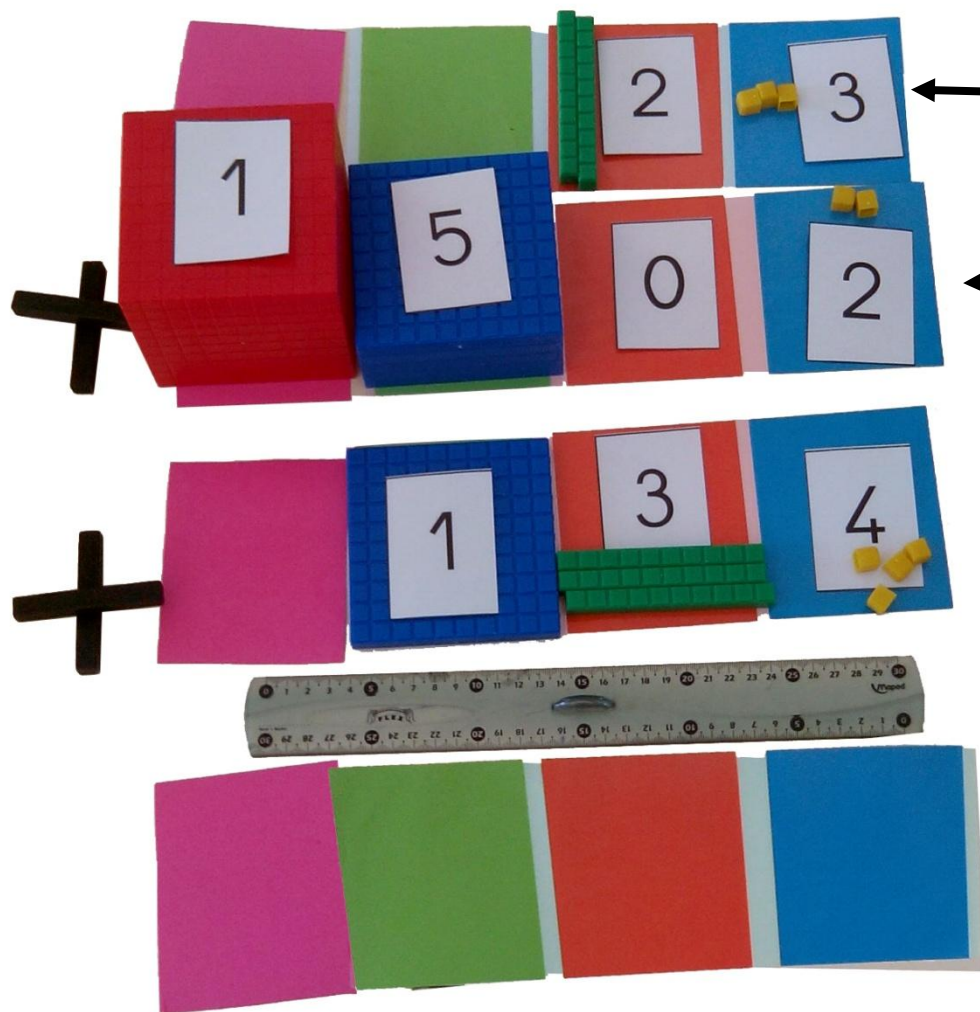
$$23 + 56 =$$

Below the equation, a dashed box contains the written form of the addition problem:

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ + 56 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Calculer une addition en colonnes

Poser

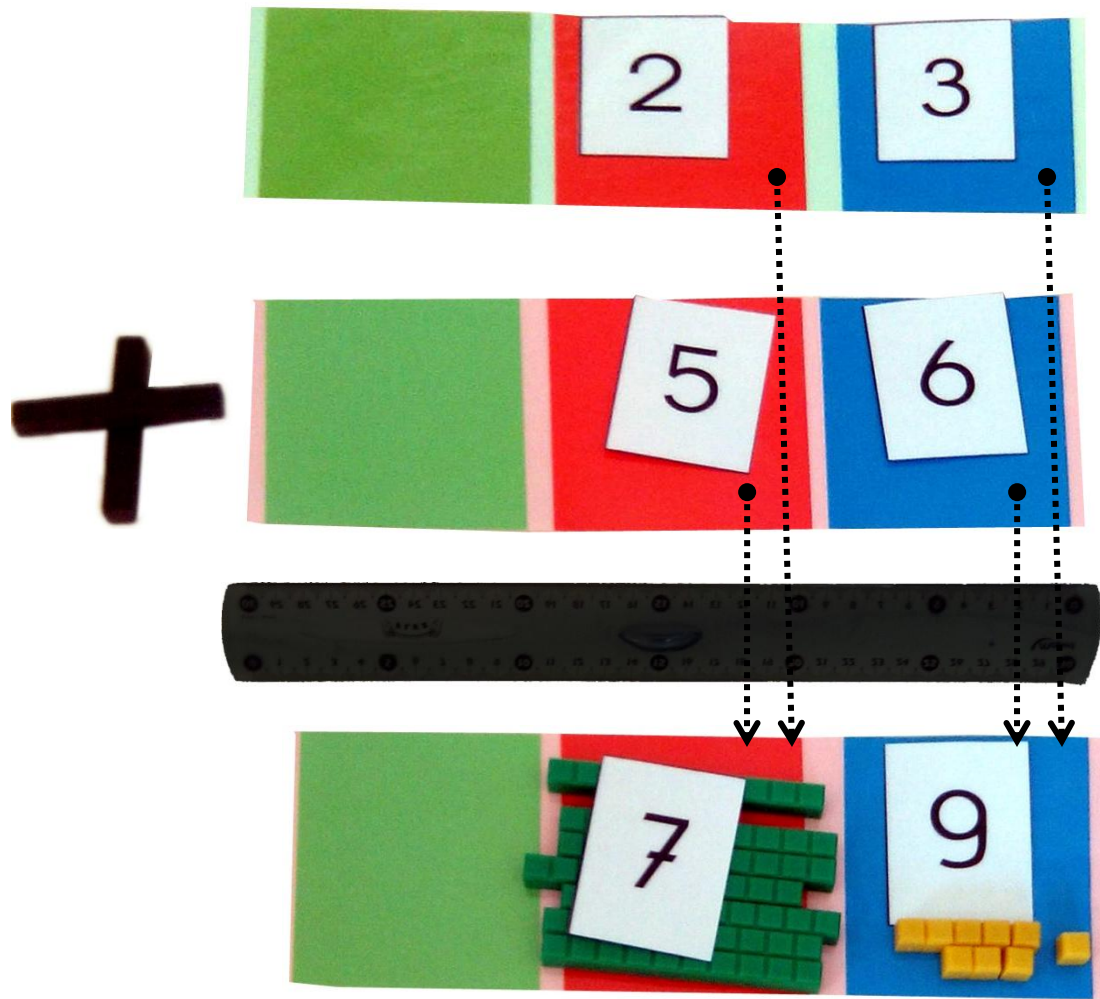


$$\boxed{23} + \boxed{1502} + \boxed{134} =$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ + 1502 \\ + \underline{134} \end{array}$$

Calculer une addition en colonnes

Calculer



$$23 + 56 = 79$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ + 56 \\ \hline 79 \end{array}$$



Calculer une addition en colonnes

La retenue

Je déplace

