

To be

To be = « être » au PRESENT SIMPLE

Forme affirmative	Forme longue	Forme courte
Je = I	am	'm
Tu = You	are	're
Il, Elle, On = He, She, It	is	's
Nous = We	are	're
Vous = You	are	're
Ils, Elles = They	are	're

Forme négative	Forme longue	Forme courte
I	am not	'm not
You	are not	aren't
He, She, It	is not	isn't
We	are not	aren't
You	are not	aren't
They	are not	aren't

Forme interrogative	
Am	I ... ?
Are	you ... ?
Is	He, She, It ... ?
Are	we ... ?
Are	you .. ?
Are	they ... ?

Inversion SUJET × VERBE ?

To have got

To Have got = « être » au PRESENT SIMPLE

Forme affirmative	Forme longue	Forme courte
Je = I	have got	've got
Tu = You	have got	've got
Il , Elle, On = He, She, It	has got	's got
Nous = We	have got	've got
Vous = You	have got	've got
Ils, Elles = They	have got	've got

Forme négative	Forme longue	Forme courte
I	have not got	haven't got
You	have not got	haven't got
He, She, It	has not got	hasn't got
We	have not got	haven't got
You	have not got	haven't got
They	have not got	haven't got

Forme interrogative	
Have	I got... ?
Have	you got... ?
Has	He, She, It got... ?
Have	we got... ?
Have	you got.. ?
Have	they got... ?

Inversion SUJET × VERBE ?

Present Simple

Verbes conjugués au Présent Simple

Exemple avec le verbe « travailler = work »

Forme affirmative		
Je	= I	work
Tu	= You	work
Il , Elle, On	=	works <u>s</u>
He, She, It		
Nous	= We	work
Vous	= You	work
Ils, Elles	= They	work

Forme négative		
	I	don't work
	You	don't work
	He, She, It	doesn't <u>s</u> work
	We	don't work
	You	don't work
	They	don't work

Forme interrogative		
	Do	I work ?
	Do	you work ?
	Does <u>s</u>	he, she, It work ?
	Do	we work ?
	Do	you work ?
	Do	they work ?

Inversion SUJET × AUXILLIAIRE ?