

$$3 \times 3 = 9$$

$$3 \times 4 = 12$$

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

$$3 \times 6 = 18$$

$$3 \times 7 = 21$$

$$3 \times 8 = 24$$

$$3 \times 9 = 27$$

Table de 3Table de 2

$$2 \times 2 = 4$$

$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

$$2 \times 6 = 12$$

$$2 \times 7 = 14$$

$$2 \times 8 = 16$$

$$2 \times 9 = 18$$

$$4 \times 4 = 16$$

$$4 \times 5 = 20$$

$$4 \times 6 = 24$$

$$4 \times 7 = 28$$

$$4 \times 8 = 32$$

$$4 \times 9 = 36$$

Table de 4Table de 0

$$\square \times 0 = 0$$

par exemple:

$$5 \times 0 = 0$$

$$58 \times 0 = 0$$

Table de 1

$$\square \times 1 = \square$$

par exemple:

$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

$$58 \times 1 = 58$$

$$6 \times 6 = 36$$

$$6 \times 7 = 42$$

$$6 \times 8 = 48$$

$$6 \times 9 = 54$$

Table de 6

$$5 \times 5 = 25$$

$$5 \times 6 = 30$$

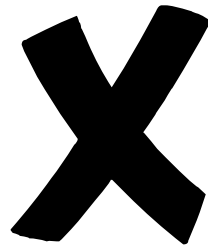
$$5 \times 7 = 35$$

$$5 \times 8 = 40$$

$$5 \times 9 = 45$$

Table de 5

Les tables de multiplication



$$9 \times 9 = 81$$

Table de 9

$$8 \times 8 = 64$$

$$8 \times 9 = 72$$

Table de 8

$$7 \times 7 = 49$$

$$7 \times 8 = 56$$

$$7 \times 9 = 63$$

Table de 7Table de 10

$$\square \times 10 = \square 0$$

par exemple:

$$5 \times 10 = 50$$

$$12 \times 10 = 120$$

Multiplier par 20, 30, ...

$$\square \times 20 = \square \times 2 \times 10$$

(parce que $20 = 2 \times 10$)

par exemple:

$$7 \times 20 = 7 \times 2 \times 10$$

$$= 14 \times 10 = 140$$

$$\square \times 50 = \square \times 5 \times 10$$

(parce que $50 = 5 \times 10$)

par exemple:

$$3 \times 50 = 3 \times 5 \times 10 = 150$$