

NAME  
DATE

CORRECTION

Thursday 26<sup>th</sup> March

CLASS  
MARK

4<sup>e</sup>

I. About Ireland. a) Complete the map with the words below. /6

1. The Irish Sea
2. The Atlantic Ocean
3. Dublin
4. Belfast
5. Northern Ireland
6. The Republic of Ireland

LEÇON



b) Answer the questions. /4

LEÇON

What plant is the emblem of the country? What colour is it? ...the shamrock, it's green  
clover

Give one other Irish symbol: ...the leprechaun, the harp ...

What languages do they speak? ...They speak English and Gaelic  
(more than 1)

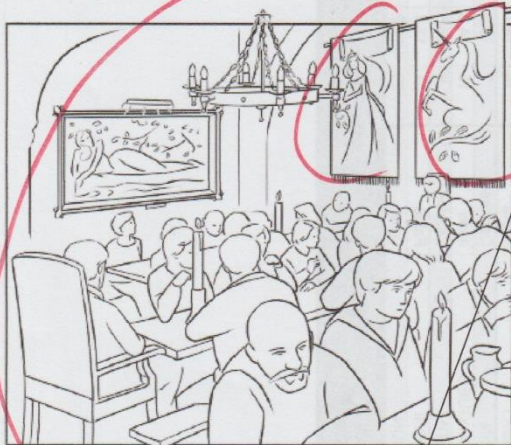
When do Irish people celebrate St Patrick's Day? ...on 17<sup>th</sup> March

What are the 3 colours of the Irish flag? ...green, white, orange

Give the names of 1 famous Irish person: ...Bono; M. Collins; Yeats, O. Wilde ...

Give the name of 2 things you can do or visit in Dublin: ...Trinity college; the Guinness Store House ... etc

2. You visited the medieval banquet at Bunratty Castle last summer /3.5



- 1 big banquet hall
- long rectangular tables
- benches, armchairs
- 2 big tapestries
- 1 painting, candles
- 1 centre light

Look at the card and the information about your visit and say what there was/were

1. There was a big banquet hall.
2. There were 2 big tapestries

Now create 2 sentences using there wasn't / weren't

3. There wasn't a guitar
- There weren't (any) drums

3. Turn the sentences into the affirmative, negative or interrogative form. Write complete sentences. /2+5

Lesson (preterit)

le prétérit permet d'exprimer une action passée -  
 F. aff | F. neg | F. interro  
 VR Bv-ed | didn't + BV | did + S + BV  
 VIRR à apprendre | he didn't eat | did he eat ?  
 he played / he ate | he didn't play | did he play ?

Forme affirmative	Forme négative	Forme interrogative
He saw the statue of Molly Malone	He didn't see the statue of MM.	Did he see the statue of MM?
They played the piano yesterday.	They didn't play the piano yesterday.	Did they play the piano yesterday?
Mark wrote the article	Mark didn't write the article.	Did Mark write the article?
⚠ Piège. Be a sa conjugaison (Voir cahier) They were born in 1994.	They weren't born in 1994.	Were they born in 1994?
They bought souvenirs on Tuesday	They didn't buy souvenirs on Tuesday.	Did they buy souvenirs on Tuesday?

4. Complete with a superlative /3

Lesson: the superlative "le plus ..." // Le moins ...

Adj. court: adj. de 1 syllabe // Adj. long: adj. de plus d'1 syllabe ou 2 si terminée par y, er, le, our  
 the Adj.-est  
 ⚠ adj. irréguliers: good → the best // bad → the worst // ... etc

- The Viking Splash Tour is the funniest (funny) way to visit Dublin. ⚠ orth y → i
- The Chimney Viewing Tower is the highest (high) viewpoint in Dublin.
- We listened to the most traditional (traditional) Irish music in a pub.
- This was the best (good) holiday ever. ⚠ IRR
- Dublin is the largest (large) city in Ireland but it is also the most beautiful (beautiful)

5. Complete this text about Saint Patrick with verbs in the preterit /7, 5

Who was (be) St. Patrick?

Saint Patrick, the patron saint of Ireland, He brought (bring) Christianity to Ireland. VI: bring, brought, brought  
 He was born in Wales somewhere around AD 385. According to the legend, Saint Patrick used (use) a shamrock to explain about God. The shamrock, which looks like clover, has three leaves on each stem. Saint Patrick told (tell) the people that the shamrock was (be) like the idea of the Trinity. VI: tell, told, told

Saint Patrick and the Snakes:

It is said that Patrick chased (chase) out the snakes from Ireland, but an old serpent resisted (resist), so Patrick made (make) a box and he invited (invite) the snake to enter. The snake insisted (insist) it was (be) too small but finally the snake entered (enter) the box. Patrick slammed (slam) the lid closed and threw (throw) the box into the sea. VI make, made, made  
 He died (die) on 17th March in AD 461 and this day has since been commemorated. ⚠ orth VI: throw, threw, thrown



6. Re-order the words. Circle the odd one out\*. (\*Entoure l'intrus) /6

- last night / Mark / went / into a pub / goes ..... Mark went into a pub last night.
- ? / did / Mark / played the bodhran / play the bodhran / last summer ..... Did Mark play the bodhran last summer?
- they / great fun / . / had / yesterday / have ..... They had great fun yesterday.
- how long ago / he / ? / go / went / did / to Clifden ..... How long ago did he go to Clifden?
- didn't / won / win / last month / . / they ..... They didn't win last month.

7. Vocabulary /5

French	English	French	English
(une) batterie	(a) drum-kit	siffler	whistle
un violon	a violin/a fiddle	crier	scream
acclamer	cheer	(le) public	(the) audience
applaudir	clap	taper des pieds	stamp feet
(la) scène	stage	paysage	landscape

8. Translate into English /10

- Il est allé en Irlande en 2013 ..... He went to Ireland in 2013.
- Depuis combien de temps est-il allé en Irlande ? ..... How long ago did he go to Ireland?
- Il a visité Dublin il y a 3 ans ..... He visited Dublin 3 (three) years ago.
- Il y avait beaucoup de musiciens sur scène ..... There were a lot of musicians on stage.
- Elle était la plus grande du groupe ..... She was the tallest in the group.

Great Job!  
Thank you!