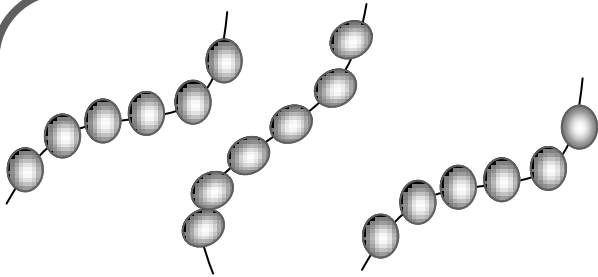


Ecris l'opération sous forme d'addition.

1



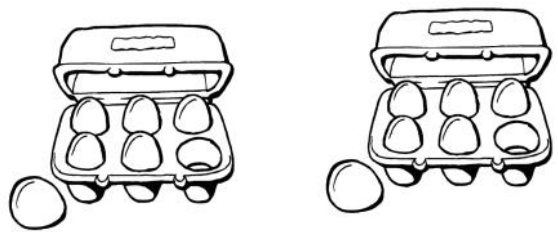
..... =



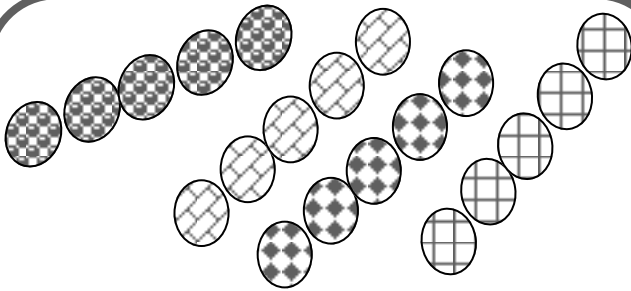
..... =



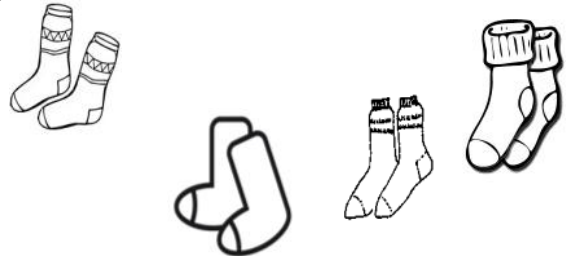
..... =



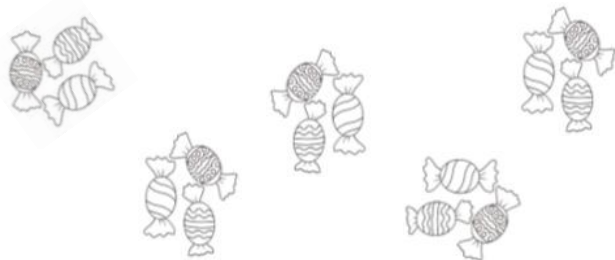
..... =



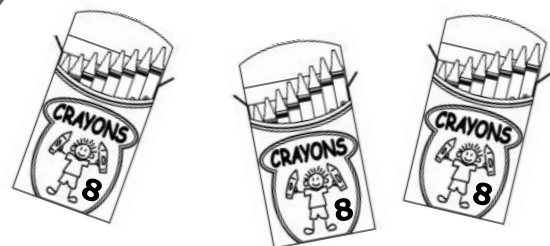
..... =



..... =



..... =



..... =

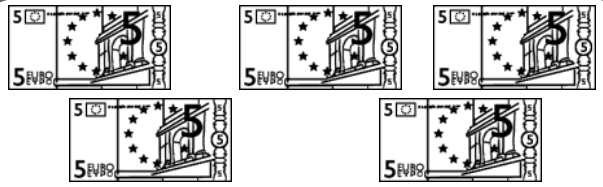
Ecris le résultat sous forme d'addition et de multiplication.

1



..... =

..... X =



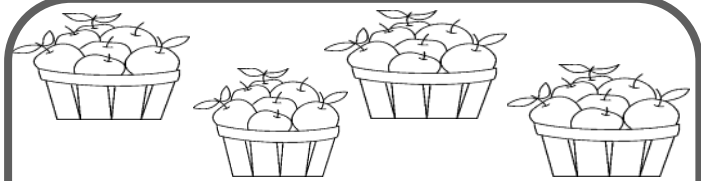
..... =

..... X =



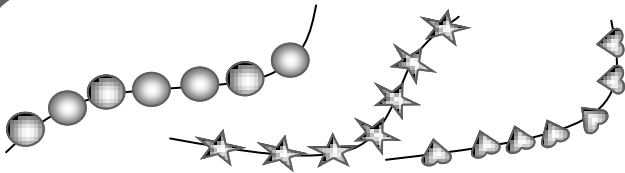
..... =

..... X =



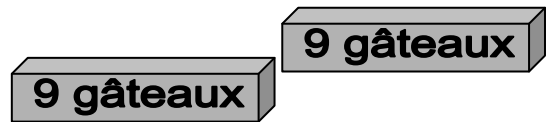
..... =

..... X =



..... =

..... X =



..... =

..... X =

2

Ecris la multiplication et le résultat :

$4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 4 \times 5 = 20$

$6 + 6 + 6 + 6 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$7 + 7 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$10 + 10 + 10 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

3

Ecris la multiplication quand c'est possible :

$7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

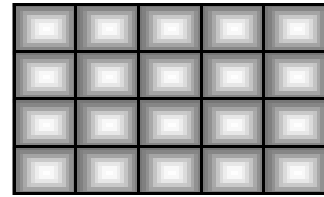
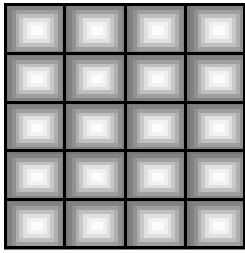
$8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 18 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$4 + 4 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Ecris le résultat sous forme d'addition et de multiplication de 2 façons différentes.

1



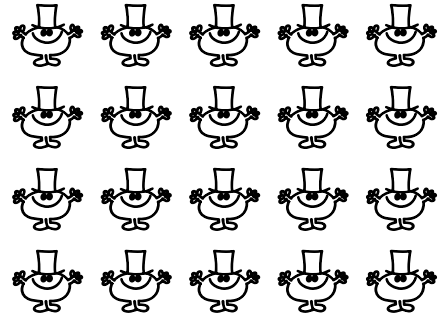
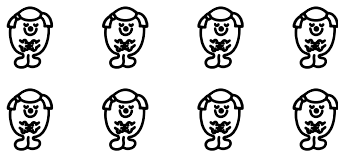
..... =

..... =

..... X =

..... X =

2



..... =

..... =

..... =

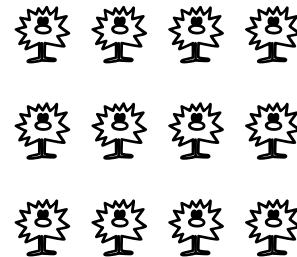
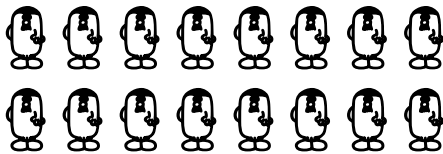
..... =

..... X =

..... X =

..... X =

..... X =



..... =

..... =

..... =

..... =

..... X =

..... X =

..... X =

..... X =

1 Complète les multiplications

$3 \times 5 = 5 \times \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} \times 2$

$8 \times \underline{\quad} = 4 \times 8$

$\underline{\quad} \times 7 = 7 \times 6$

$9 \times 4 = 4 \times \underline{\quad}$

2 Complète avec = ou ≠

$2 \times 2 \dots 2 + 2$

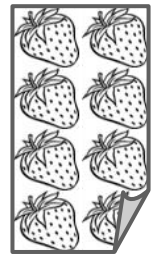
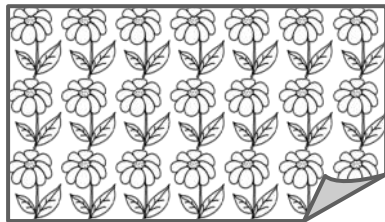
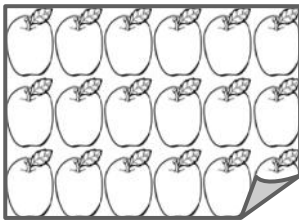
$4 \times 3 \dots 4 \times 4$

$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 \dots 3 \times 4$

$7 + 7 + 7 + 7 \dots 7 \times 3$

$5 + 5 \dots 5 \times 5$

3 Ecris les multiplications qui vont avec les situations.



$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
 $= \underline{\quad}$

$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
 $= \underline{\quad}$

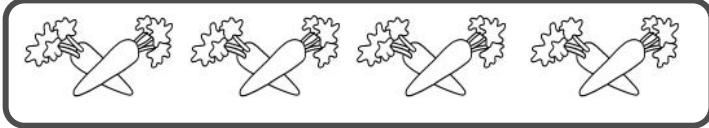
$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
 $= \underline{\quad}$

$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
 $= \underline{\quad}$

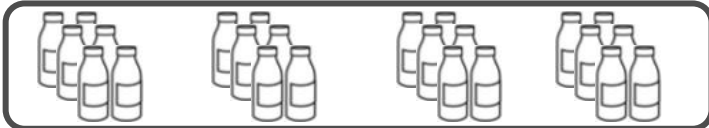
4 Colorie les bonnes étiquettes.



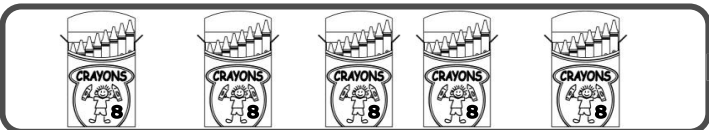
$4 + 4 + 4$ 3×4 $3 + 4$



2×4 $4 + 2$ $2 + 2 + 2 + 2$



$4 + 6$ $6 + 6 + 6 + 6$ 6×4



5×8 $5 + 8$ $8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8$

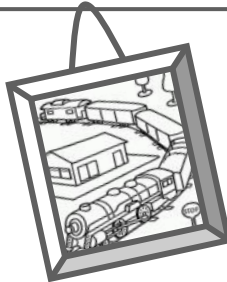


$2 + 10$ $10 + 10$ $10 + 2$

1

Dessine et écris l'opération.

Un train de marchandises comporte 4 wagons transportant chacun 6 voitures neuves.



Combien transporte-t-il de voitures au total ?

_____ = _____

Il en transporte _____.

Dans une cantine, il y a 6 tables de 4 places chacune.



Combien d'enfants peuvent manger à la cantine ?

_____ = _____

_____ enfants peuvent manger à la cantine.

Un jardinier plante 6 rangées de 5 salades.



Combien y a-t-il de salades ?

_____ = _____

Il a planté _____ salades.

Maman a acheté 4 paquets de 8 gâteaux.



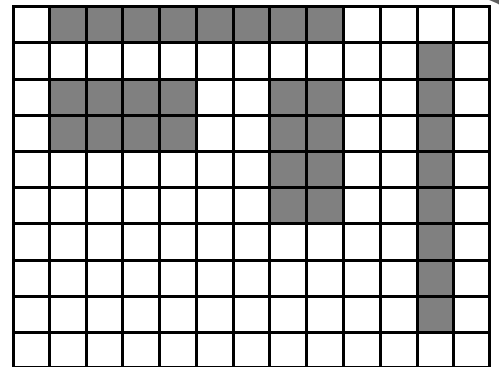
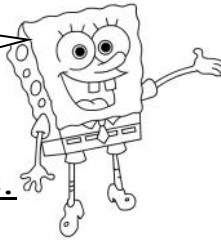
Combien y a-t-il de gâteaux ?

_____ = _____

Il y aura _____ gâteaux.

1

J'ai colorié des rectangles de 8 carreaux.

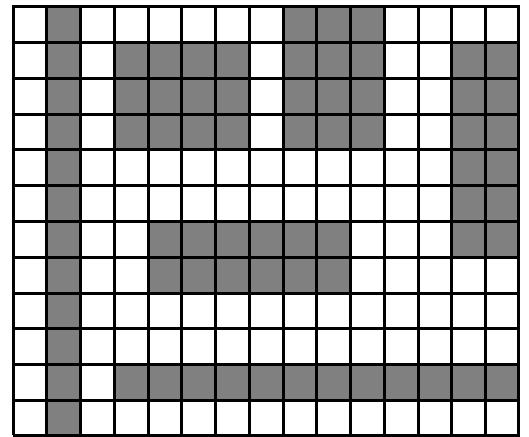


Ecris toutes les multiplications possibles.

..... X = X =
..... X = X =

2

J'ai colorié des rectangles de 12 carreaux.



Ecris toutes les multiplications possibles.

..... X = X =
..... X = X =
..... X = X =

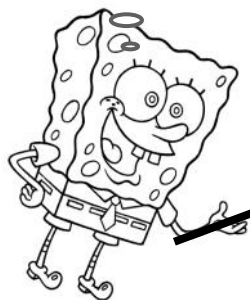
3

A ton tour colorie des rectangles ou carrés de 16 cases, puis de 24 cases sur ton brouillon.

4

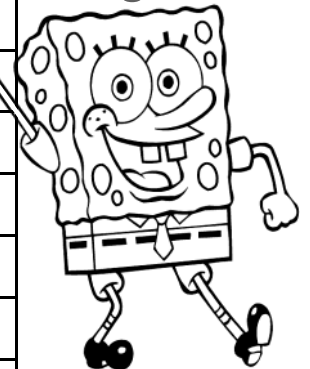
On a commencé à placer les résultats de Bob l'éponge dans la table de multiplication, continue en plaçant, si tu le peux, les résultats du n°2 et 3 dans la table.

$2 \times 4 = 8$



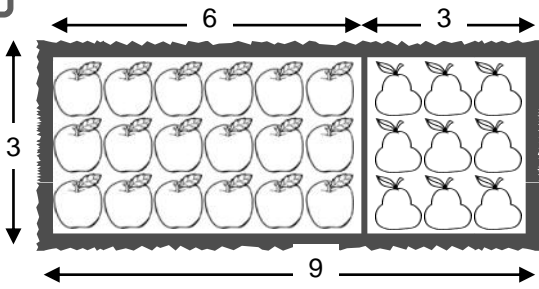
x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0										
1									8	
2					8					
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8		8								
9										

$8 \times 1 = 8$



1

Complète.



Calcule le nombre de pommes. X =

Calcule le nombre de poires. X =

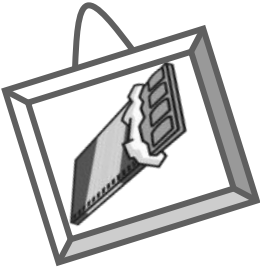
Calcule le nombre de fruits. + =

Calcule le nombre de fruits

$$3 \times 9 = 3 \times \dots + 3 \times \dots = \dots$$

2

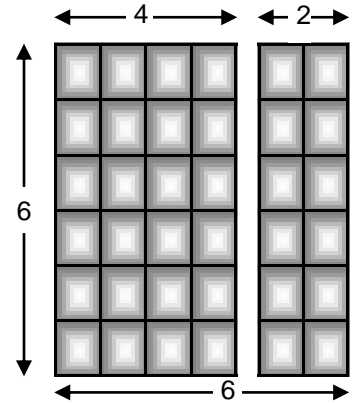
Calcule le nombre de carrés de chocolat.



$$6 \times 6 = 6 \times \dots + 6 \times \dots$$

$$6 \times 6 = \dots + \dots$$

$$6 \times 6 = \dots$$



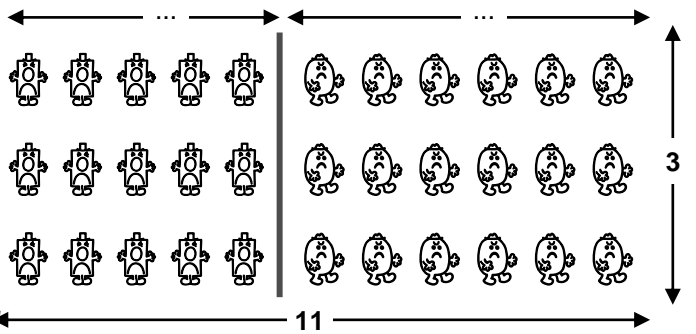
3

Calcule le nombre de bonhommes.

$$11 \times 3 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$$

$$\dots \times \dots = \dots + \dots$$

$$\dots \times \dots = \dots$$



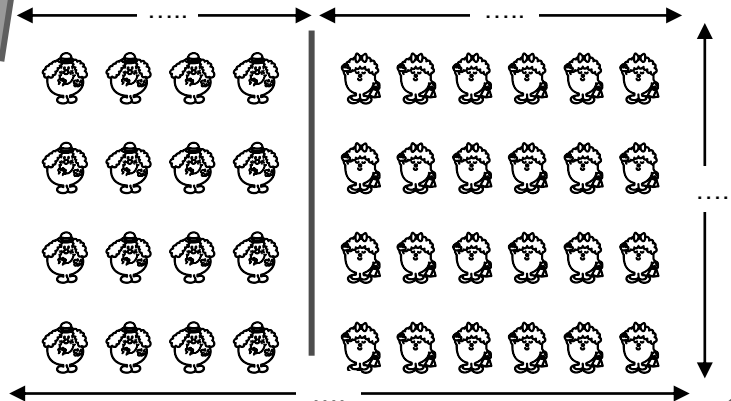
4

Calcule le nombre de dames.

$$\dots \times \dots = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$$

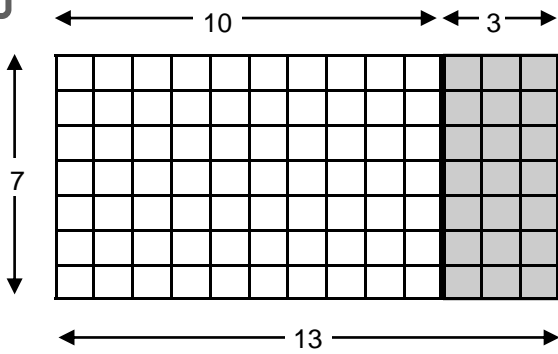
$$\dots \times \dots = \dots + \dots$$

$$\dots \times \dots = \dots$$



Complète.

1



$13 = 10 + 3$

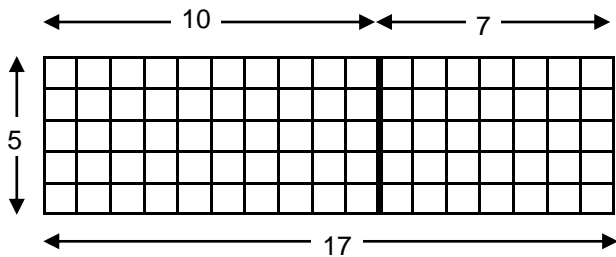
$7 \times 13 = 7 \times 10 + 7 \times 3$

$7 \times 13 = \dots + \dots$

$7 \times 13 = \dots$

2

Complète.



$17 = \dots + \dots$

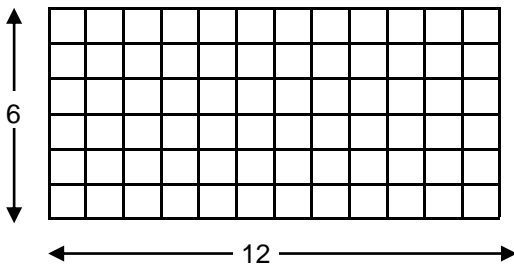
$5 \times 17 = 5 \times \dots + 5 \times \dots$

$5 \times 17 = \dots + \dots$

$5 \times 17 = \dots$

3

Organise ton découpage et calcule.



$\dots = \dots + \dots$

$6 \times 12 = 6 \times \dots + 6 \times \dots$

$6 \times 12 = \dots + \dots$

$6 \times 12 = \dots$

4

Découpe et calcule.

$2 \times 14 = (2 \times \dots) + (2 \times \dots)$

$2 \times 14 = \dots + \dots$

$2 \times 14 = \dots$

$4 \times 18 = (\dots \times \dots) + (\dots \times \dots)$

$4 \times 18 = \dots + \dots$

$4 \times 18 = \dots$

$3 \times 19 = (\dots \times \dots) + (\dots \times \dots)$

$3 \times 19 = \dots + \dots$

$3 \times 19 = \dots$

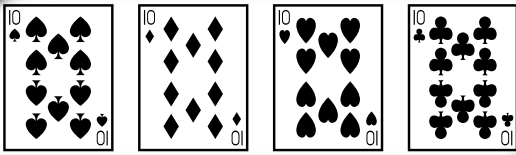
$5 \times 16 = (\dots \times \dots) + (\dots \times \dots)$

$5 \times 16 = \dots + \dots$

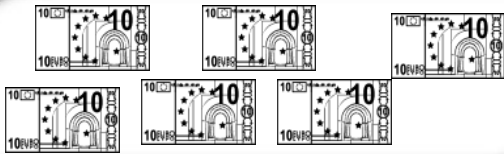
$5 \times 16 = \dots$

1

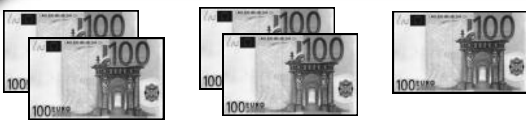
Calcule.



$$_ + _ + _ + _ = _ \times _ = _$$



$$_ = _ \times _ = _$$



$$_ = _ \times _ = _$$

2

Calcule.

$6 \times 10 = _$

$7 \times _ = 70$

$_ \times 10 = 100$

$2 \times 10 = _$

$_ \times 10 = 30$

$5 \times 10 = _$

$8 \times 10 = _$

$10 \times _ = 40$

$10 \times _ = 90$

3

Calcule.

$3 \times 10 = _$

$_ \times 10 = 20$

$1 \times 10 = _$

$10 \times _ = 70$

$10 \times 9 = _$

$_ \times 10 = 60$

$10 \times 5 = _$

$10 \times _ = 90$

$100 \times 6 = _$

$_ \times 100 = 400$

$9 \times 100 = _$

$7 \times _ = 700$

4

Calcule.

$25 \times 10 = _$

$_ \times 10 = 560$

$10 \times 42 = _$

$10 \times _ = 210$

$10 \times 10 = _$

$_ \times 10 = 920$

$89 \times 10 = _$

$10 \times _ = 710$

$32 \times 10 = _$

$_ \times 10 = 370$

$10 \times 40 = _$

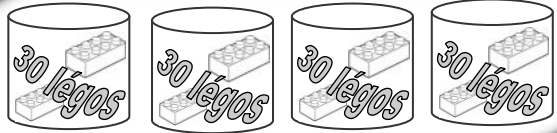
$10 \times _ = 600$

1

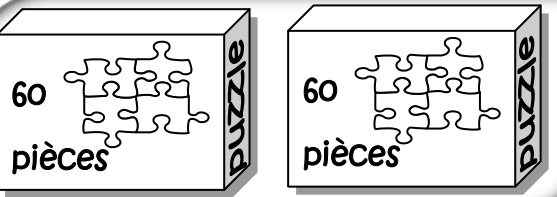
Calcule.



$$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$



$$\underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$



$$\underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

2

Calcule.

$3 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$3 \times 20 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 \times 40 = \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 70 = \underline{\quad}$

$3 \times 200 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 \times 400 = \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 700 = \underline{\quad}$

3

Calcule.

$(8) \times (20) = 8 \times 2 \times 10 = \underline{\quad}$

$7 \times 30 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 30 = 4 \times 3 \times 10 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 20 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$3 \times 50 = 3 \times 5 \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$5 \times 50 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$3 \times 90 = 3 \times 9 \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 60 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

3

Calcule.

$2 \times 20 = \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 60 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 30 = \underline{\quad}$

$7 \times 20 = \underline{\quad}$

$3 \times 20 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 30 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 \times 30 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 \times 70 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 20 = \underline{\quad}$

$6 \times 40 = \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 50 = \underline{\quad}$

$9 \times 20 = \underline{\quad}$

1

Calcule .

$24 = 20 + 4$

$3 \times 24 = 3 \times 20 + 3 \times 4$

$3 \times 24 = \dots + \dots$

$3 \times 24 = \dots$

$43 = \dots + \dots$

$2 \times 43 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$

$2 \times 43 = \dots + \dots$

$2 \times 43 = \dots$

$61 = \dots + \dots$

$4 \times 61 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$

$4 \times 61 = \dots + \dots$

$4 \times 61 = \dots$

$\dots = \dots + \dots$

$5 \times 28 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$

$5 \times 28 = \dots + \dots$

$5 \times 28 = \dots$

2

Calcule .

$5 \times 37 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$

$5 \times 37 = \dots + \dots$

$5 \times 37 = \dots$

$2 \times 34 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$

$2 \times 34 = \dots + \dots$

$2 \times 34 = \dots$

$2 \times 58 = (\dots \times \dots) + \dots \times \dots$

$2 \times 58 = \dots + \dots$

$2 \times 58 = \dots$

$3 \times 21 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$

$3 \times 21 = \dots + \dots$

$3 \times 21 = \dots$

$2 \times 45 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$

$2 \times 45 = \dots + \dots$

$2 \times 45 = \dots$

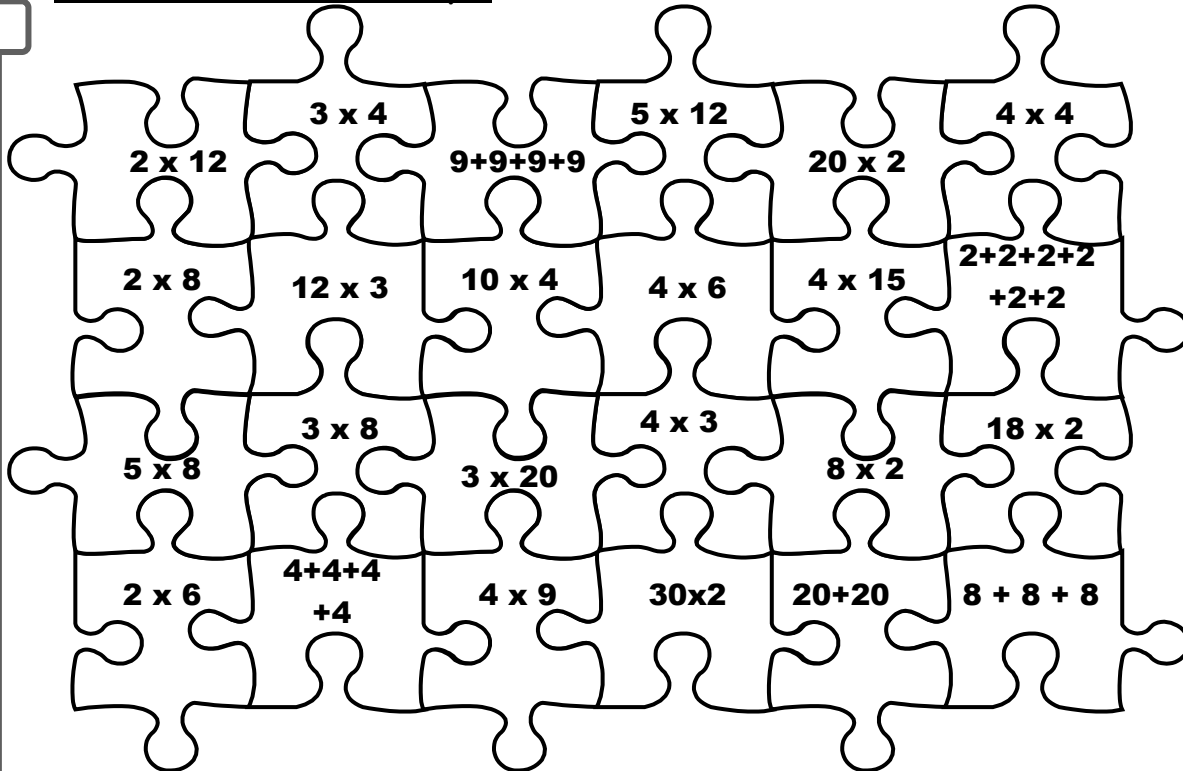
$3 \times 14 = \dots \times \dots + \dots \times \dots$

$3 \times 14 = \dots + \dots$

$3 \times 14 = \dots$

Colorie selon le code indiqué :

1



12	vert
16	bleu
24	rouge
36	jaune
40	orange
60	violet

2

Entoure les nombres de la bonne couleur s'ils font partie de la table indiquée.

9 20 15 18 35

36 10 24 12 23

40 14 21 16 8

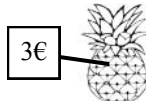
table de
2 en bleu
3 en rouge
4 en jaune
5 en orange
10 en violet

3

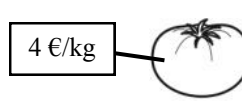
Complète les tableaux de la marchande.



choux-fleurs	
1	2 €
3	... €
5	... €
8	... €
9	... €
10	... €



ananas	
1	3 €
3	... €
4	... €
6	... €
8	... €
9	... €



kg de tomates	
1	4 €
2	... €
4	... €
5	... €
7	... €
9	... €



kg d'olives	
1	5 €
3	... €
4	... €
5	... €
7	... €
8	... €

Complète les opérations de la page :

1

	c	d	u
		2	3
X			2
<hr/>			
+			
<hr/>			

$23 = 20 + 3$

2×3

2×20

	c	d	u
		4	7
X			3
<hr/>			
+			
<hr/>			

$47 = 40 + 7$

3×7

3×40

	c	d	u
		6	4
X			4
<hr/>			
+			
<hr/>			

$64 = 60 + 4$

$4 \times \dots$

$4 \times \dots$

	c	d	u
		2	3
X			5
<hr/>			
+			
<hr/>			

$23 = \dots + \dots$

$5 \times \dots$

$5 \times \dots$

	c	d	u
	1	2	4
X			2
<hr/>			
+			
<hr/>			

$124 = 100 + 20 + 4$

2×4

2×20

2×100

	c	d	u
	2	3	4
X			3
<hr/>			
+			
<hr/>			

$234 = \dots + \dots + \dots$

$3 \times \dots$

$3 \times \dots$

$3 \times \dots$

Complète les opérations de la page :

1

	c	d	u
		4	3
X			2
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
		1	3
X			3
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	1	2	2
X			4
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	1	3	4
X			2
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	2	1	6
X			3
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
		2	4
X			4
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	1	4	6
X			2
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
		6	9
X			2
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
		2	8
X			3
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	2	3	4
X			4
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	1	4	2
X			5
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
		3	5
X			5
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	2	3	6
X			3
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	1	2	7
X			4
<hr/>			

	c	d	u
	3	6	8
X			2
<hr/>			

Pose et calcule :

1

$36 \times 2 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$42 \times 4 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$18 \times 5 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$29 \times 3 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$124 \times 5 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$135 \times 3 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$218 \times 2 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$219 \times 4 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$48 \times 5 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$27 \times 3 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$162 \times 2 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$46 \times 4 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$113 \times 5 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$218 \times 3 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$324 \times 2 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

$173 \times 4 = \dots$

	c	d	u
X			

