Module: Phonetics Level: L2

Lecturer: Pr. S. CHELLI

Date:

Student's Name:

# FIRST TERM TEST IN PHONETICS

Task 1:Circle_the most of	ppropriate option		(05 points)	
1. The syllable is a speech unit containing one and only one vowel				
<b>a.</b> alone <b>b.</b> surrou	inded by consonants	<b>c</b> . alone or surro	ounded by consonants	
2. The consonants or consonant cluster which are following the vowel are called the				
<b>a.</b> onset <b>3</b> is the most ef	<b>b.coda</b> ficient factor for recog	<b>c.</b> nucleus nizing the prominenc	<b>d.</b> final cluster e of stressed syllable.	
a. Loudness	<b>b.</b> Length	<b>c.</b> Vowel quality	d. Pitch	
4. The word transformation contains				
<b>a</b> . three syllables	<b>b</b> . four syllabl	es c. fiv	e syllables	
5. The verb correct is stressed on				
a. first syllable	b. Second	syllable		
Task 2: Say true or false	and correct the false			
1. Two syllable- simple v	erbs are stressed like	adverbs. True		
<b>2.</b> All two-syllable words are stressed on the final syllable when it contains a diphthong.				
False	except if it contair	is the diphthong / ອັ	5/ /	
<b>3.</b> Three syllable simple <u>verbs</u> are stressed like nouns. false				
а	djectives/ adverbs			
<b>4.</b> When a three-syllable simple noun ends with $/ \partial \sigma/$ , the stress falls on the penultimate				
syllable. True				

5. The weak vowel in English are / e, æ, <code>v/. False / ə, I, O/ /</code>

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(05 points)

## FIRST TERM TEST IN PHONETICS

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**1.** How many syllables are there in the following words:

- accomplish	Three

- unavoidable Five

2. What are the weak vowels in English? Can they receive stress?

The weak vowels are :  $/ \Im$ ,  $1, \mho//$ ,  $/ \Im/$  is never stressed,  $/_{1}, \mho/$ / may receive stress.

3. What is the difference between primary stress and secondary stress?

## Pitch

4 . What are the factors realizing prominence in the stressed syllables in the following words:

-resist / rı 'zıst/	pitch and energy of articulation
-receive / ri 'si:v	pitch, energy of articulation, quality and quantity

## Task 2: Spot the mistakes and correct them in the following statements /05pts)

1. The word / **trans**'f **y**:m/ is tressed on the second syllable because it contains more than one syllable. a long vowel

2. The word / 'kəlekt is stressed on the first syllable because it contains a diphthong.

1	final/ second	a short vowel and more
than one consonant at the end.		
3. Three-syllable simple nouns are stresse	d like verbs.	
	adjectives/ adverbs	
4. Two- syllable simple adjectives are stressed like two syllable-simple verbs. True		
5. The word / $hv$ 'l $\partial v$ / is stressed on the final syllable because it contains a long		
vowel.	First	/ ၃೮/

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## FIRST TERM TEST IN PHONETICS

Task 1: Say true or false, then correct the mistakes(05pts)

1. Sress in English is fixed because all the words are stressed on the same syllable. False

Stress in English is free because words are stressed on different syllables.

Or stress in English is fixed in the same words.

2. The verb develop is stressed on the first syllable because it contains a weak vowel. false

the penultimate syllable because the final syllable contains a short vowel.

**3**. Prominence in the stressed syllable is always realised by four factors (pitch, energy of articlation, quality and quantity. false

Not always. It can be realized just by pitch and energy of articulation ( which are obligatory factors).

**4.** If the ultimate syllable in three-syllable simple nouns contains a long vowel, a diphthtong or ends with more than one consonant, it receives stress.

**5.** All the words in English contain a seconday stress. False

Task 2: (05pts)

A. what are the syllable structures	es in the following words?
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 1. a/ccom/plish
 v/ccvc/ccvc
 2. cre/dit
 Ccv/cvc

 un/for/tu/na/te/ly
 vc/cv/tv/cv/cv/cv
 2. cre/dit
 Ccv/cvc

3.

## B. Anwser the following questions?

1. What do we take in consideration when marking stress

Whether the word is simple or complex/ the number of syllables/ the category of the word/ the phonological structure of the syllable

**2.** What is the difference between stress placement of two-syllable simple verbs and nouns?

The difference is that when the verbs final syllable contains a short vowel and ends with more than one consonants, it receives stress, but this is not the case of nouns as they reveive stress on the first syllable. Module: Phonetics Level: Second Year LMD Lecturer: Pr. S. CHELLI Date: Student's Name:

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## FIRST TERM TEST IN PHONETICS

#### Task 1: Say true or false, correct the false

(05pts)

1. Length is the most efficient factor for recognizing the prominence of stressed syllable. false

Pitch

2. The word opposite contains three syllables. true

3. The noun vaccine is stressed on second syllable.false

#### first

**4.** If the ultimate syllable in three-syllable simple nouns contains a long vowel, a diphthtong or ends with more than one consonant, it receives stress.

#### the stress falls on the first syllable

5. / 'klamit/ is tressed on the first syllable because the final one contains a short vowel. True

Task 2: Underline the mistakes and correct them in the following statements (05pts)

1. Two syllable- simple verbs are stressed like adverbs. True

.....

2. All two-syllable words are stressed on the final syllable when it contains diphthongs.

Except when it contains the diphthong /  $\partial \upsilon$ /

**3**. Three syllable simple <u>verbs</u> are stressed like nouns.

#### adjectives/ adverbs

4. When a three-syllable simple noun ends with  $/ \partial U/$ , the stress falls on <u>the ultimate</u>

syllable.

penultimate

5. The schwa / ə/ is most of the time stressed. never