1. Murder in Lord Beckham’s Manor.

Utilise le preterit BE + V-ing pour décrire ce que les personnages faisaient au moment du meurtre.

*WHEN LORD BECKHAM WAS MURDERED* ……….

ex: jack was sleeping (sing)

Sam and Pam were walking their dog. (sujet pluriel)

 

The Chesters\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ The maid, Miss Crumpet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 

The gardener \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ The cook \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 

Lord Beckham’s children\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lord Henry and his wife \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_



Lord Beckham ‘s wife \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Complete the sentences with the simple past or the past continuous (preterit BE= was/ were + V-ing)

Utilise BE + V-ing pour les circonstances (ce que les gens étaient en train de faire

1. As I ……………………………………………………. (watch) TV, I ………………………………. (hear) a terrible explosion.

2. She ……………………………… (lose) her wallet while we …………………..…………………………. (do) the shopping yesterday.

3. Last month we ……………………………. (go) to Oxford and ……………………………… (visit) our aunt Lizzie.

4. She ………………………………. (meet) Mrs Lambert as she …………………………………………..……………. (wait) for the bus.

5. She …………………….………….. (can) not see me because I ……………………………………………… (repair) the car in the garage.

6. I couldn’t hear what they (say)………………..…………………., but they ………………………………………………. (talk) about

me when I (arrive)………….……………………., but they suddenly (fall)……………………………… silent.

III. Complétez les phrases suivantes en utilisant uniquement le prétérit avec be+ V-ing :

a. I lost my bag while I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (shop).

b. They fell asleep while they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV.

c. We found a cat in our garden while we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (garden).

d. The doorbell rang while I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (still/sleep).

e. She burnt her hand while she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (cook) dinner.

IV. Mettez le verbe entre parenthèses au prétérit simple ou au prétérit be+ing :

a. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (cycle) home when I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (meet) Jane.

b. How fast \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (you/drive) when the accident \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (happen)?

c. I was in a difficult position. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (not/know) what to do.

d. When he was younger, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (want) to be a professional dancer.

e. "Was Helen at the party last night?" "Yes, she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (wear) a funny dress!"

V. Choisissez la bonne réponse parmi celles proposées entre parenthèses pour chacune des propositions suivantes :

a. A tsunami and an earthquake \_\_\_\_\_\_ (hit/was hitting) the nuclear central of Fukushima in March 2011.

b. While the workers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (tried/were trying – were occurring/occurred) to cool and shut down the reactant, several hydrogen explosions \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

c. The Japanese government \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (assessed/was assessing) the accident as Level 4 on the International Nuclear Event Scale.

VI.. Traduire ces phrases:

a. He ran away when he saw me. b. He was running away when he saw me, then he disappeared behind a truck that was leaving.